

IB Biology Command Terms

These command terms indicate the depth of treatment required for a given assessment statement. These command terms will be used in examination questions, so it is important that you are familiar with the following definitions.

Objective 1

Define	Give the precise meaning of the word, phrase or physical quality.
Draw	Represent by means of pencil lines (always label unless told not to do so).
Label	Add labels to a diagram.
List	Give sequence of names or other brief answers with no explanation.
Measure	Find a value for a quantity.
State	Give a specific name, value or other brief answer without explanation or calculation.

Objective 2

Annotate	Add brief notes to the diagram or graph.
Apply	Use an idea, equation, principle, theory or law in a new situation.
Calculate	Find a numerical answer showing the relevant stages in the working (unless instructed not to do so).
Describe	Give a detailed account.
Distinguish	Give the differences between two or more different terms.
Estimate	Find an approximate value for an unknown quantity.
Identify	Find an answer from a given number of possibilities.
Outline	Give a brief account or summary.

Objective 3

Analyse	Interpret data to reach conclusions.
Comment	Give a judgement based on a given statement or result of a calculation.
Compare	Give an account of similarities and differences between two (or more) items, referring to both (all) of them throughout.
Construct	Represent or develop in graphical form.
Deduce	Reach a conclusion from the information given.
Derive	Manipulate a mathematical relationship(s) to give a new equation or relationship.
Design	Produce a plan, simulation or model.
Determine	Find the only possible answer.
Discuss	Give an account including, where possible, a range of arguments for and against the relative importance of various factors or comparisons of alternative hypotheses.
Evaluate	Assess the implication and limitations.
Explain	Give a detailed account of causes, reasons or mechanisms.
Predict	Give an expected result.
Show	Give the steps in a calculation or derivation.

Sketch	Represent by means of a graph showing a line and labelled but unscaled axes, but with important features (for example, intercept) clearly indicated.
Solve	Obtain an answer using algebraic and/or numerical methods.
Suggest	Propose a hypothesis or other possible answer.

It is the intention of all Diploma Programme experimental science courses that students achieve the following objectives.

Objective 1

Demonstrate an understanding of:

- a) scientific facts and concepts
- b) scientific methods and techniques
- c) scientific terminology
- d) methods of presenting scientific information.

Objective 2

Apply and use:

- a) scientific facts and concepts
- b) scientific methods and techniques
- c) scientific terminology to communicate effectively
- d) appropriate methods to present scientific information.

Objective 3

Construct, analyse and evaluate:

- a) hypotheses, research questions and predictions
- b) scientific methods and techniques
- c) scientific explanations.

Objective 4

Demonstrate the personal skills of cooperation, perseverance and responsibility appropriate for effective scientific investigation and problem solving.

Objective 5

Demonstrate the manipulative skills necessary to carry out scientific investigations with precision and safety.